

**AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS:**

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the application:

**LISTING OF CLAIMS:**

---

1. (Currently Amended) A high-speed, broadband, wireline modem including an adaptive equalizer having both a training mode and a decision-directed, non-training mode, the adaptive equalizer comprising:

at least one of: a forward path coupled to receive the signal samples, the forward path including a forward filter and a decision element, and a feedback path coupled between an output of the decision element and an input of the decision element, the feedback path including a feedback filter; and

means for adapting the one of said forward filter and said feedback filter based on a ~~least squares error criterion~~ reinitializable low complexity fast least squares criterion, as distinguished from a least mean squares error criterion.

2. (Currently Amended) The ~~apparatus~~ adaptive equalizer of Claim 1, further comprising a memory for storing received signal samples.

3. (Canceled)

4. (Currently Amended) The ~~method~~ adaptive equalizer of Claim 1,  
wherein the means for adapting operates during decision-directed mode.

5. (Canceled)

6. (Currently Amended) The ~~method~~ adaptive equalizer of Claim 1,  
wherein adaptation is performed using fixed-point arithmetic operations.

B1  
Cont.  
7. (Currently Amended) The ~~method~~ adaptive equalizer of Claim 1,  
wherein said means for adapting performs substantially the following computation:

$$e_p = e(1 - K^{T_{fast}} X_{fast}).$$

wherein  $e$  is the forward prediction error,  $K$  is the Kalmann Gain and  $X$  is an  
input vector.

8. (Currently Amended) The ~~method~~ adaptive equalizer of Claim 1, wherein said means for adapting performs substantially the following computations:

$$F_{fast} = \lambda_r F_{fast},$$

$$c_n = F_{fast} \frac{e_p}{1 + e^T F_{fast} e_p},$$

$$F_{fast} = F_{fast} - c_n e^T F_{fast},$$

$$b_n = K_{fast} + A_{fast} c_n.$$

wherein  $F$ ,  $A$  and  $c$  are filter coefficients,  $e$  is the forward error prediction,  $\lambda$  is an error criterion, and  $b$  is a backward error predictor.

9. (Currently Amended) The ~~method~~ adaptive equalizer of Claim 1, wherein said means for adapting performs substantially the following computations:

$$K_{fast} = (m - (D_{fast} \mu)) / (1 - \eta^T \mu),$$

$$D_{fast} = D_{fast} - K_{fast} \eta^T.$$

B!  
cont.

wherein  $K$  is the Kalmann Gain,  $D$  is the backward predictor coefficients and  $m$ ,  $\mu$ , and  $\eta$  are backward prediction errors.

B1 Cont. 10. (Currently Amended) The ~~method~~ adaptive equalizer of Claim 1,

wherein a routine for updating said one of said forward filter and said feedback filter performs no more than  $22N$  multiplies, where  $N$  is the number of filter taps, ~~and wherein no distinct stabilization quantity is computed.~~

Claims 11-14 (Canceled).

---